GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE AVANIGADDA

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

Report on Constitutional Day Celebrations on 26-11-2021

The Department of History organized an awareness programme on the Constitutional Day on 26-12-2021 with the collaboration of Economics and Political Science departments. In this programme Public Pleader of Avanigadda Sri Naraharisetti Eswara Rao garu was invited as guest to create awareness on Indian constitution and act of law to the students, the following are the main points which were delivered in his message to students on the occasion .

The Constitution of India is **the supreme law in India**. A Constitution is a set of rules and regulations guiding the administration of a country. In this way he has given brief sketch of making of constitution and the duration of time taken in the process of making of constitution and drafting committee members the role of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar's role in making of Indian constitution. And then explained about the objectives of constitution.

Objectives of the Indian Constitution

- The Constitution is the supreme law and it helps to maintain integrity in the society and to promote unity among the citizens to build a great nation.
- The main objective of the Indian Constitution is to promote harmony throughout the nation.
- The factors which help in achieving this objective are:
- Justice: It is necessary to maintain order in a society that is promised through various provisions of Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy provided by the Constitution of India. It comprises three elements, which are social, economic, and political.
- Social Justice Social justice means that the Constitution wants to create a society without discrimination on any grounds like caste, creed, gender, religion, etc.
- Economic Justice Economic Justice means no discrimination can be caused by people on the basis of their wealth, income, and economic status. Every person must be paid equally for an equal position and all people must get opportunities to earn for their living.
- Political Justice Political Justice means all the people have an equal, free, and fair right without
 any discrimination to participate in political opportunities.
- Equality: The term 'Equality' means no section of society has any special privileges and all the people have given equal opportunities for everything without any discriminations. Everyone is equal before the law.
- Liberty: The term 'Liberty' means freedom for the people to choose their way of life, have political views and behavior in society. Liberty does not mean freedom to do anything, a person can do anything but within the limit set by the law. The ideals of liberty, equality, and fraternity in our Preamble have been taken from the French Revolution (1789–1799).
- Fraternity: The term 'Fraternity' means a feeling of brotherhood and an emotional attachment with the country and all the people. Fraternity helps to promote dignity and unity in the nation.
- Importance of Objectives: It provides a way of life. It includes fraternity, liberty, and equality as the notion of a happy life and which can not be taken from each other.
- Liberty cannot be divorced from equality, equality cannot be divorced from liberty. Nor can liberty and equality be divorced from fraternity.



ವಿಜಯವ್ 27-11-2021 ಕನಿವ್ರಾರಂ ನಿಟಿ ನಂಪುಟಿ 48 . ನಂವಿಕ 107

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★ అవనిగడ్డ వైకాపా, రెడేపా కార్యాల

యాల్లో, డ్రుడుత్వ డిగ్రీ, జానియర్ కళాశాలల్లో

ఎన్ఎస్ఎస్ ఆద్వర్యంలో అంబేద్కర్ చిత్రపటా
నికి, విగ్రహానికి పూలమాలలు వేసి నివాకుల

ర్పించారు. డ్రుడుత్వ డగ్రీ కళాశాలలో ఏజీపీ

ఎన్.ఈశ్వరరావును సత్కరించారు.

Constitution Day Celebrations on 26-11-2021



Grarlanding the partrait of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar by guest staff and students.



Introduction of the chief guest sni N-Eswar. godu A-P-P by Kumari A. Veerakumani gom.